

The Virginia Journal.

AND

ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUG UNDIQUE GAZA
CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. I.)

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1784.

(No. 22.)

Alexandria, 10th of 6th Month, 1784.
Just imported in the Britannia, Captain Lambert,
and now opening in order to be Sold by Whole-
sale only,

A large and general Assortment of European GOODS, suited to the present Season, by **JOSEPH JANNEY, and CO.**

A CONSTANT TRADER.

The fine Ship **POTOMACK**, LTONEL BRADSTREET, Master, now lying at George-Town, will certainly sail for London about the 15th of next Month.—She has excellent Accommodations for Passengers.—Any Ladies or Gentlemen, wanting a Passage, may apply to Col. Deakins, or the Captain on Board.

George-Town, June 21, 1784.
N. B. I have a Parcel of English made Cordage of a good Quality, from 7 Inch Hawkers to 1 1/2 Inch Rope, in the Hands of Mr. Cyrus Copper, Broker, in Alexandria, for Sale on reasonable Terms.

L. BRADSTREET.

FOR SALE.

THAT noted and valuable Tract of LAND in Fauquier County, called Effingham Forest, formerly the property of Col. Hugh Nelson, a small part of which contains some lots of the German-Town tract, lying in a very healthy rich country, and very conveniently situated, there being several good roads, within a few miles, leading to several large Towns, and has the advantage of none going through the tract; is about 28 miles from Fredericksburg, 26 from Dumfries, 35 from Colchester, 50 from Alexandria, and churches, mills, and a court-house, are within 8.—Said Tract contains upwards of 2500 acres, near 300 of which is a very rich soil for grass, and lies in such a manner that lots of 500 acres may be laid off so that each lot may have water and meadow land.—There is a quantity of land now in grass, sown within a few years past, which produces 30 tons annually, and next fall will be 20 or 30 acres more sown, if necessary, as the lands are now clearing.—The whole of the lands are as level as need be, and as well timbered, and the highlands are equal to any for tobacco, wheat, or any other Virginia produce.—There are on the plantation a dwelling house, overseer's house, five large barns 40 by 20 feet, large stables, corn-houses, and every other necessary house for carrying on the plantation business, which were lately built, and put in repair last summer.—Said Estate is in good order for cropping, can work ten hands to advantage, has about 400 acres improved, the remainder being woodland makes a fine range for stock, has a large stream running through it for about two miles, and a quantity of bricks burnt for building a dwelling-house.—Any person inclining to purchase, may be particularly informed of the terms of sale, &c. on applying to me in Berkeley county, Virginia. **BATTAILE MUSE.**

June 22, 1784.

RAN away from his Master on the 24th instant, **JAMES MELVIN**, an indentured servant to John Easton, by trade a taylor, of a pale complexion, 5 feet 7 inches high, about 22 years of age, and dressed in sailor's clothes. Any person who will take up and secure the above described Lad, and give information thereof to the abovesaid JOHN EASTON, Ship Master in Alexandria, shall receive a Reward of **TEN DOLLARS**, and all necessary charges paid. Said servant has lately been seen on Fell's Point, Baltimore, at work at his trade.—He says he was born in Whitehaven, but his speech will betray him, as he is a native of North-Briton.
May 27, 1784.

TO BE SOLD.

By the Subscriber, on the COUNTY WHARF, **GRENADA RUM** in Puncheons, Hogheads and Quarter Casks, at 3/3 per Gallon; Madeira Wine of the first Quality; old Sherry in Bottles and Hogheads; Port in Ditto; and good Muscovado Sugar in Barrels.

JAMES HACKET.

Alexandria, June 17, 1784.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAMES RUMSEY and ROBERT THROGMORTON, propose opening a very commodious **BOARDING-HOUSE**, for the residence of Ladies and Gentlemen who may honor the Bath, at the sign of the Liberty Pole and Flag, where every attention will be paid to render the situation of those who honor them with their commands perfectly agreeable.

Bath, Berkeley County, June 13, 1784.

TO BE LET, and entered upon immediately, **THE** House, Garden and Lot, belonging to and now in the Occupation of **JOHN SUTTON**.—He will sell or let on ground-rent for ever, all or any Part of the Lots belonging to him in Alexandria, with the Improvements thereon, on very moderate Terms.—He wants a few Hogheads of Tobacco, for which a generous Price will be given; and will give the best Cash Price for good Gang-lang.

Alexandria, June 16, 1784.

Just imported from London and to be Sold by **Mrs. JOLLY**, At her Milliner's Shop on Fairfax-Street, Alexandria.

LADIES' Head Dresses, black and white Chip Hats, black and white Silk and Satin Cloaks, black, white and pink Balloon Hats and Bonnets, a neat Assortment of Threads, Whalebone Stays of the newest Fashions, &c.

June 16, 1784.

THE Subscriber has just removed to the House lately occupied by **Dr. BROWN**, where he intends keeping private *Visualling* and Lodging for Gentlemen, who can be well recommended, on as reasonable Terms as can be afforded.

JAMES LOWNES.

N. B. He has a convenient Store, and a good Cellar in which Goods may be stored, to rent on moderate Terms.

Alexandria, June 23, 1784.

TO BE RENTED, for One Year.

A Large and elegant **STORE-HOUSE**, with a granary and bale-room convenient thereto, situated near Aquia warehouse, where the annual inspection of tobacco is considerable, and where every production of this State may be procured on the best terms, and in great abundance.—The retail business was for many years before the late war successfully carried on at this place, it being the most convenient port to many rich and fertile counties, and the navigation is good for vessels of 35 hogheads burden, within 100 yards of the store door.—For terms apply to **ROBERT BRENT**, in Alexandria, or to **GEORGE BRENT**, at Aquia.
June 25, 1784.

TO BE SOLD at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**, A Variety of Writing Paper, Dutch Quills, Paper Hangings, Blank Books, gilt and common Letter Paper, Sealing-Wax, Wafers, Inkpowder, Pounce, Ink-Stands, Black Lead Pencils, &c.

Also, Stoughton's and other Bitters, Inflammable Tapers, Anderson's Pills, Essence of Pepper-Mint, double distill'd Lavender Water, Turlington's drops, Hungary Water, smelling Salt Bottles &c. & &c.

From the **LONDON MORNING POST.**

To the **KING,**

SIR,

THE purity of your morals was never called in question. As a husband, a father and a christian, your character has long been sanctified by the voice of the people, and is the best archetype of a worthy gentleman. But, sir, there is a wide difference between a private individual and a monarch. The virtues of a Prince can only be traced in the prosperity of his government. There is no other criterion to distinguish them, it is not my intention to increase the anguish of your mind, by holding up the mirror of the numerous perplexities that have attended your calamitous reign; nor am I willing to transgress that law which considers the King of England as an impeachable being. Though such a privilege may seem absurd, when we examine the conduct of some of your predecessors; yet it does not appear so when we reflect on the integrity of your conscience. It is for this reason that your subjects, in all their complaints, never failed to draw a line between you and your confidential servants. We ever looked on your Majesty as a son of holiness, though often eclipsed by the iniquities of your ministers. As I said before, I shall not revive the embers of your past distresses, whatever relation they may bear to your present difficulties. I have a proper respect for your dignity, and the most inviolable attachment for your Majesty's person. You must not, however, expect from me the honeyed and nauseous complacency of a fawning courtier. I speak the language of truth, which Princes find seldom palatable, but its sharp and bitter qualities are admirably suited to your political disorders.—Jereboam owed the defolation of his kingdom to the crooked wisdom of his unfledged counsellors; I am sorry to find your Majesty in the same unfortunate predicament. A set of daring ambitious men, actuated by nothing else than an immoderate lust of power, destitute of knowledge, untaught by experience, and utterly incapable of being initiated into the mysteries of the cabinet, have on a sudden shook the pillars of your throne, broke down the golden hedge that secured the peace of your mind, and the tranquility of your people, not scrupling to accomplish their sinister views, by casting on the crown the dangerous odium of secret influence.—To be for ever changing administration is the worst of policies; it creates a diffidence in the best servants of the crown, and a total confusion in the state; it nurses obnoxious factions at home, and lessens the national credit abroad. Henry VIII. incurred the public censure for his inconstancy to his wives; but he had the gratification of his sensuality to plead, while nothing but anxiety and unmerited reflexions are the fruit which your Majesty has reaped from your political fluctuations. I am ready to allow that some of the former ministerial changes were grounded on reason; but what could induce your Majesty to prefer the rashness of a boy, and the frivolity of his insignificant adherents, to that bright constellation of talents which all Europe admired in the late ministry? One of them it is true, indulged the boiling passions of his youth with the indiscretion of Themistocles; but like that god-like Athenian, he would likewise prove the favour of their country, if the evil genius of Great-Britain did not obstruct his measures. If your Majesty will condescend to review his ministerial conduct, you will see, that under the auspices of his wisdom, within the narrowest compass of time, a perfect harmony has been established between this country and all the foreign powers; that notwithstanding the errors of Lord Shelburne, the definitive treaty has been brought to a happy conclusion. As to the East-India bill, for which you thought proper to strike him with the frown of authority, I can assure your Majesty, that you will

find yourself in the situation of the Lacedæmonian King, who, after having struck the Athenian I mentioned, was at last reduced to the necessity of seeking his own redemption in the advice of that Grecian General.

The ministerial abilities of Mr. Fox were well seconded by his colleagues. The virtuous firmness of the Duke of Portland, and of Lord Cavendish, and the sagacity of Lord North, are become proverbial even among their enemies; and though the folly of the American war be generally imputed to the latter, no person knows better than your Majesty the futility of that accusation. His Lordship will ever find a satisfactory apology in the imprudence of Mr. Grenville, in the factious opposition of Jenkinson's noted patron, to the salutary direction of the late Lord Chatham, and above all, in the political ignorance of some of your great lawyers, without mentioning the blundering conduct of the Earl of Shelburne, who hurried on an ignominious peace, while the finances of France were entirely exhausted, and the Spaniards under the greatest apprehension of having their galleons intercepted. And even Sir Joseph Mawbey, if he could but submit his ideas to an argument, would be obliged to confess, that whenever he talked on this subject, he held the wrong fow by the ear. It has been your peculiar misfortune, sir, to commit your deliberations to those who had no judgment, and to trust your conscience to men who had no other principles but those of ambition and rapacity. We have seen in your reign a vast number of upstarts rising, to the world's surprise, like air balloons over the clouds; and we are now all staring at one of these phenomena; every body knows that surly tyrant, who has but ascended the spheres, where he shines as the canis of the constitution. I think it incumbent on me to caution your Majesty against the malignity of the dog star. You have been told that the regulations of the East-India bill tend to diminish your prerogative, because they lodged all the power in the hands of the ministry. It is impossible to offer a greater insult to your Majesty's understanding; this fallacious insinuation evidently implying, that you have not the spirit of being your own Minister. They have prevailed upon you to desert the cause of justice and humanity, and to abandon your own interest, as the bill transferred to the crown all the Asiatic possessions of the company, which would have afforded an opportunity of providing for your numerous progeny, in a manner suitable to the royal dignity, and of giving immediate relief to the shameful indigence of your wandering brothers. The remarkable tenderness which your Majesty has ever shewn for your people, leads us to hope that you will soon discard from the cabinet the present insidious intruders, and replace your confidence in the late ministry, in compliance with the sense of the nation, which can only be collected in the house of commons. The throne of Solomon was supported by two lions. The coalition, sir, offers you an equal support, and it is the sole plan that can enable your Majesty to acquire the fame of the wisest of monarchs.

RICHÉLIEU.

DUBLIN, April 6.

NO English connexion!—is now the prevailing exclamation. Every man pronounces it;—for every man sees the damning consequences of its continuance,—nor need it be wondered at, if calmly and dispassionately considered,—the sense of a century's injuries still rankling in our hearts;—and what their arms are now unable to do, their corrupting gold amongst our mock-senators, as fully effects—Wretched island,—how long are you to be a prey to foreign foes, and domestic traitors!

The tragedy of Dr WITTS, must be acted in this city—a blow struck at the heart of leading traitors, will intimidate the lesser rogues—and when nothing but a violent remedy can affect a violent disorder, the strong hand of the people must be called for to administer it.

April 16. Yesterday Mr. Matthew Doyle, bookseller, and Mr. William Bingley, were taken by justice Graham, supposed to be parties concerned with the Volunteers Journal.

We hear a considerable sum has been subscribed in the town of Belfast, to support Mr. Carey, the supposed printer of the Volunteers Journal.

April 17. It has been often remarked, that there is fickleness in the people of the country, that generally counteracts the best designs before they can be executed. Of this class we may rank the project of a Genevese colony, and the building of a city for the emigrants who are to form it near Waterford: Fifty families are already arrived, but the foundations of the New Geneva are scarcely laid; the building is protracted on various pretences, and difficulties arise faster than houses: In the mean time, the Genevese already arrived, who are of the better and most decent kind of artisans, are lounging through our streets, without either settlement or encouragement. An opposition to protecting duties, and the persecution of prin-

ters, are objects of more importance to government!

A privy council has been this day summoned with the utmost precipitation, to take into consideration an express which has arrived at the castle, supposed to contain orders for **DISARMING THE VOLUNTEERS**. Nothing particular has as yet transpired, but we hope that such a measure will not be taken, as it might drive to desperation a people already sufficiently roused and alarmed by the infringements of corrupt representatives.

It is recommended to the gallant asserters of liberty, to seize the person of his G-ge, as an hostage for the conduct of the enemies towards such persons adhering to the glorious cause as may fall into their hands. May the example of America stimulate Ireland, and may this injured country never relax, until crowned with similar laurels of triumph and independence.

Mr. Orde, in his proposed journey of negotiation to London, will, it is said, be accompanied by three members of our house of commons, in order to explain the affairs of this kingdom, which Mr. Pitt declares in all companies to be unintelligible, so extraordinary are the accounts received from hence.

CHARLESTON, (South Carolina) June 3.

The following proclamation, issued by Governor Maxwell, of New-Providence, and dated the 18th of last month, is just received, viz.

"WHEREAS I have thought proper to admit certain American vessels into this port, and have granted them permission to dispose of their provisions for the benefit of the inhabitants of these islands: And whereas, to my great concern and astonishment, I find their flag has been twice insulted, contrary to the peace of our Lord the King, and in open violation of all public order and decorum; In order to put a stop to such riotous proceedings for the future, and, as much as possible, prevent any misunderstanding which may arise thereon: I do, by and with the advice of his Majesty's Council, issue this my proclamation, hereby making known my entire disapprobation of such unjustifiable conduct, and strictly commanding and enjoining all his Majesty's legal subjects to refrain from such dishonorable and illegal practices, as they shall answer the contrary at their peril."

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.

It appears by the Irish papers, that the people of Dublin and Belfast had declared their objections to the bill brought into the Irish house of commons, for securing the liberty of the press as it is termed;—and it seemed likely that almost every class of people throughout the kingdom would oppose that arbitrary scheme, which is received by them, not as confirming the great bulwark of liberty, but as an infringement of one of their most important privileges.

Extract of a letter from London, April 17.

"The great event of the confirmation of peace took place at Constantinople about the beginning of January. By this treaty the Empress of Russia has finally got possession of the valuable peninsula of the Crimea, without a drop of blood being shed, which herself and her predecessors have made so many ineffectual efforts to add to that extensive Empire. The Emperor not being a principal in the late misunderstanding, but only an assistant to Russia in case of hostilities, has acquired no new addition of territory, but has got the limits and boundaries of both Empires, more clearly and distinctly settled than formerly. This circumstance has given rise to a very false report, that Russia and the Porte have outwitted the Emperor in the late negotiation. It may be naturally asked, whether this late acquisition by the Russians is in consequence of the ambitious views and policy of that government? Politicians who form systems, and who ascribe every revolution to some cause that is adequate to the event, will answer in the affirmative. But the fact happens to be otherwise. Russia, till very lately, had no views, no idea of getting possession of this peninsula. The whole originated in Sohim Gheroa, the Chan himself, who, naturally of a feeble mind, and debilitated by disease, was terrified into a renunciation of his dominions, by the idea of a rival secretly supported by the Porte. It is a fact, that the Russian resident in the Crimea did every thing in his power to persuade the Chan from his purpose of resignation. The consequences of this revolution time alone can discover, though at present it affords a great field for political speculation. Russia being now entitled freely to navigate the Black Sea, and possessed of a considerable territory on the banks of it, so nobly provided with the materials of ship-building, and with ports for the security of navigation, may create a navy suited to her ambition and abilities. She can pour forth fleets from the south and from the north, encircle Europe, and lay in her claim for a share of the empire of the ocean. In point of commerce, what may not be expected? the immense production of provinces which are watered by

those great rivers that terminate in the Black Sea, as yet but little known, will all be laid open to the merchant, who will meet with every allurements and encouragement from the imperial court, already well convinced, that the power and greatness of every government must really and permanently depend on the united labour, industry and commerce of individuals. The proposed canal for opening a communication between the Don and the Wolga, a distance only of twenty miles, will soon be put in execution. By this means Great-Britain may have another opportunity of reestablishing her Caspian trade, which was formerly attempted, and which promised much, but which, from certain obstacles, together with unfortunate accidents, was obliged to be relinquished. Renewed by this chance, the former obstacles exist no more, and a repetition of the former temporary misfortunes cannot be expected. The principal object of this commerce is, the introduction of British commodities into the northern parts of Persia, and to receive in return from those provinces, a part of the rich raw silk which they produce, and which are so essentially necessary to some of the most considerable manufacturers of this country. A circumstance greatly in favour of this idea is, the treaty which has been made this very year between Russia and the court of Persia. By it all former articles are strictly renewed; and besides, the Russians have obtained liberty to construct several forts for the protection of their navigation on the Caspian sea."

The honorable Council of Censors, now sitting at the State-House in this city, have appointed Samuel Bryan Esq; to be their secretary, in the room of John Rose, Esq; gone to Europe.

June 22. Saturday the 12th instant, arrived at New-London, Captain Nathan Sage, in a brig from Port Morio, Jamaica: He informs, that five vessels belonging to the United States, were seized by the custom-house officers a few days before he sailed; and that the fear of meeting with the same fate, hastened his departure from the above island.

June 23. An Irish vessel now in our river is said to bring an account of three engagements between the British soldiery and the Irish volunteers. In the two first, the volunteers being overpowered, were obliged to give ground; but numbers collecting from all quarters, the *victorious conquerors of America*, now in Hibernia, "advanced backwards" to their strong holds, with as much activity as they did nine years ago from the Plains of Lexington.—What audacity! to treat British omnipotence so cavalierly.—[Freeman's Journal.]

RICHMOND, June 26.

We are informed, that one day last week, Matthew Womble, of the county of Isle of Wight, in a fit of intoxication, deprived his wife, when pregnant, of her existence, by splitting her skull, and afterwards disfiguring her head from her body with a broad axe; he also with the same weapon, put a period to the lives of four of his children out of six, the other two having made their escape whilst the massacre was committing. He was a man possessed of a small tract of land, generally called an industrious, sober, and well disposed citizen; but is now confined, and confesses his crime, which is the only direct proof of this shocking tragedy.

BALTIMORE, June 25.

Yesterday the ingenious PETER CARNES, Esq; made his curious *ÆROSTATIC EXPERIMENTS*, within the limits of this town, in the presence of a numerous and respectable congress of people, whom the fame of his superb BALLOON had drawn together from the east, west, north and south, who, generally, appeared highly delighted with the awful grandeur of so novel a scene, as a large globe making repeated *voyages* into the airy regions, which Mr. CARNES'S machine actually performed, in a manner that reflected honor on his character as a man of genius, and could not fail to inspire solemn and exalted ideas in every reflecting mind.—Ambition, on this occasion, so fired the youthful heart of a lad (only 13 years old!) of the name of *Edward Warren*, that he bravely embarked as a volunteer on the last trip into the air, and behaved with the steady fortitude of an old *voyager*.—The "gazing multitude below" waited to him their loud applause, the receipt of which, as he was "soaring aloof," he politely acknowledged by a significant wave of his hat.—When he returned to our terrene element, he met with a reward, from some of the spectators, which had a *solid* instead of an *airy*, foundation, and of a *species* which is ever acceptable to the residents of this *lower world*.

ALEXANDRIA, July 1.

On Thursday the 24th ult, the Brethren of Lodge No 39, met at their Lodge-Room to celebrate the Festival of St. John the Baptist, where

a Discourse, adapted to the Occasion, was delivered by the Worshipful Master.—After which, they walked in Procession, accompanied by their illustrious Brother, His Excellency General WASHINGTON, to Mr. Wise's Tavern, where they dined, and spent the Remainder of the Day in Enjoyments becoming their benevolent and respectable Institution.

On Sunday Evening died suddenly, Mr. EDWARD LEE, Labourer.

NAVAL OFFICE. ALEXANDRIA.
Inward Entries. Ship Harmony, H. Lyle, and Schooner Jolly Tar, J. Humphries, from Baltimore.

Cleared Outward. Schooner Jolly Tar, J. Humphries, for Baltimore.

THE Members of the ALEXANDRIA JOCKEY CLUB, are desired to meet at Mr. LOMAX's Tavern on Tuesday the 13th Instant. It is hoped they will punctually attend, as there is a great deal of Business to come before them.

July 1, 1784.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Saturday the 2d Instant, will be sold at the Vendue-Office, opposite the Court-House,

RUM in hogheads and barrels, rice in tierces, cordials in barrels and half barrels, hyson and lobea tea in quarter chests, several chests of joiners' and carpenters' tools, a parcel of Irish linen, dowlas, thread, shirts, shoes, coats, jackets, mahogany hair and rush bottom chairs, a large quantity of new cordage, among which are several small cables, suitable for bay craft, a quantity of German ofsnaburgs, thread stockings, &c.

C. COPPER, Vendue-Master.

Wanted to purchase, a vessel about 130 or 140 tons burden.

Cash will be advanced to transient persons who may be in immediate want, and have goods for public sale (on depositing them in the hands of the Vendue-Master) in order to give proper time for public advertising.

Alexandria, July 1, 1784.

Alexandria, July 1, 1784.

To be sold at Public Vendue, at the Vendue-Office in Alexandria, on Saturday the 7th Day of August next, unless sold before at private Sale.

A TRACT of LAND, containing upwards of 400 acres, lying in Prince-William County, on the lower side of Quantico, between Dumfries and Potomack, within a mile and an half of either; it is well watered and timbered, has a fine stream running through it, suitable for a mill, about 15 acres of meadow cleared, and 50 more may be made at a small expence, and about 100 of it cleared; there are also on the premises several small tenements, a tolerable dwelling-house, several out-houses, peach and cherry orchards, &c. The soil is suitable for wheat, corn, and tobacco. Mr. WILLOUGHBY TIBBS, in Dumfries, will at any time show the land, to which a good title will be made to the purchaser, and quiet possession given on the 1st day of January next. The terms are one third ready cash or tobacco, one third in six months, and the remaining third in a year, on bond with good security.

C. COPPER, Vendue-Master.

To be leased on easy terms, for 15 years, a Tract of unimproved Land, lying in Fairfax County, containing 263 acres, adjoining Mr. LEWIS ELLIS's. Apply at the Vendue-Office.

C. C.

I Have for sale several like-

ly HORSES. A short Credit will be given, on Bond with approved Security. Apply to

JOHN ALLISON.

Alexandria, July 1, 1784.

LOST, in Alexandria, on Saturday the 26th Instant,

A MILITARY CERTIFICATE, payable to JOHN ANTHONY, for One Hundred and Two Pounds, but whether for any shillings or pence I do not certainly recollect, yet I think there was eight pence included in it.—I will give a reasonable reward to any person who will return the said certificate to Mr. JOHN WISE: But the chief end of this advertisement is to caution any person against purchasing of it, as I am well advised that certain requisites being complied with, I can obtain a new certificate to the final exclusion of the former.

PHILIP DAWE.

June 30, 1784.

WANTED,

A Quantity of SNAKE-ROOT and BEES-WAX, for which a liberal Price will be given, by ELISHA C. DICK.

Alexandria, July 1, 1784.

Just imported and to be Sold by the Subscriber, in large or small Quantities, for Cash or Tobacco,

A general assortment of

MEDICINES, well adapted to the practice of physic in this country; also, the approved patent medicines, and sundry other articles in demand among practicing physicians, such as apothecaries fine sieves, large and small weights and scales, marble and glass mortars and pestles of different sizes, glass and tin funnels, vials, gallypots, pill boxes, surgeon's pocket instruments in cases, lancets, tooth-drawing instruments, male and female catheters, trocars, probes, &c.

As no pains have been spared to obtain the several articles of the best quality and at the lowest market-prices, and, as they will be sold at a moderate advance on the European cost, the subscriber doubts not, that such gentlemen as want supplies of medicines for private practice only, will find it in the end more advantageous to purchase their supplies here, fresh and warranted, and as the demands of their practice call for them, than to depend on small importations made by themselves from abroad, the terms of these being always higher, besides their being liable to delays and many casualties known to those who have tried this mode of obtaining their supplies.

W. BROWN.

Alexandria, June 24, 1784.

I will give half a dollar per pound for any quantity of black snake-root, well cured, so as to be of a bright colour, and clear of leaves and dirt; and one quarter of a dollar per pound for good clean beefwax.

SEVEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber when at Winchester, about the 6th inst. a Negro Man, named JACK, not very black, about 26 years of age, of a middle stature, well known in the neighbourhood of Winchester, having drove the Subscriber's wagon for a long time.

The above reward will be given to any person who will deliver the above described fellow to Messieurs M'GUIRE or CANE, in Winchester.

PATRICK MURRAY.

Alexandria, June 30, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from Dumfries, on the 17th inst. a very black likely Negro woman, named BECK, about 27 years of age and of a middle size; had on when she went away a brown linen shift and petticoat, and carried with her a spotted calico habit, a white petticoat and jacket, a dress cap, and a bundle of bed clothes. I have reason to believe she is making towards Baltimore, as she has been seen in company with a very white Mulatto boy, who ran away from said town, at Alexandria, in pursuit of a runaway Mulatto fellow, who was her husband, who it is supposed is yet there. Whoever secures said wench in any goal, so that I may get her again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges paid if brought home.

WILLIAM KINKEAD.

Dumfries, June 29, 1784.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Court-House, Montgomery County, Maryland, on Sunday the 27th inst. two Irish servants, viz. PATRICK DALTON, about 5 feet 3 inches high, has a cast in both his eyes; had on when he went away an ofsnaburg shirt, and trousers, and a short under jacket without sleeves.—EDWARD

M'CARTE, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, 23 years of age; had on a pair of country linen trousers, and a lindsy jacket, striped crossways, with a linen back, and at the same time took away a green sailor's jacket, green breeches, check'd shirt, old shoes, and ribb'd stockings. Whoever takes up said servants and will give me information, shall be paid what the law allows, and reasonable charges.

JAMES SMITH.

N. B. All Masters of vessels and others are forbidden harbouring or carrying off said servants.

June 29, 1784.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from my pasture at Four Mile Run, two horses, viz. one a black horse, no white hairs about him, no brand remembered, five years old, about 14½ hands high, trots and gallops.—The other a light bay, about 14 hands high, a large blaze in his face, has a remarkable scar on the inside of one of his thighs, owing to a bite of a wolf when a colt, is about 9 years of age, trots and gallops, and I do not remember he has any brand.—I will give TWENTY SHILLINGS for each of the horses, and pay all reasonable charges; and for the thief, if convicted, EIGHT POUNDS.

ROBERT ADAM.

June 30, 1784.

WANTED, for Six or Eight Weeks, A PERSON who understands Book-keeping, and can be well recommended.—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, June 28, 1784.

TO BE SOLD cheap for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE, by

Bernard Gallagher,

OLD Jamaica spirits in 60 gallon casks, old Madeira wine in quarter casks and half pipes, Coniac brandy by the pipe or smaller quantity, mould candles by the box, Irish melf beef in barrels and half barrels, Castile soap by the box, 8 by 10 window glass by the box, glass ware by the box or smaller quantity, queen's ware and china by the crate or smaller quantity, London bottled porter by the cask, English refined sugar by the cask or loaf, Havana white sugar by the box, white wine vinegar by the barrel, hyson and louchong teas, ofsnaburgs by the bale or piece, Irish linens of all qualities by the box or piece, beaver hats by the box or smaller quantity, mens' and womens' shoes of the first quality by the trunk or smaller quantity, Birmingham and Sheffield ware of all qualities, writing and packing paper by the ream, with a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

Dumfries, June 29, 1784.

FOR SALE,

THAT valuable Tract of LAND, whereon the Subscriber now lives, in Frederick County, within eight miles of Winchester, containing 375 acres, divided into two farms, one of which has a good dwelling-house, kitchen, smoke-house, weaver's shop, still-house, granary, stables, barn, and other out-houses, a never failing spring of lime-stone water with a convenient spring-house, a large orchard of mostly young trees, near forty acres of meadow well set with Timothy and clover, a great part of which may be watered; added to these conveniences there is a mill seat supported by Opeckon Creek, which runs through both farms.—The improvements of the other farm are a dwelling-house and barn with ten acres of meadow, a good spring, and a small apple orchard.—Both situations are very pleasant and remarkably healthy, and are supported by a sufficient quantity of woodland.—Also, some valuable slaves, horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, with two still tubs, &c. and utensils for both farms.—The terms of sale may be known by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES KNIGHT.

June 25, 1784.

To be Sold at Public Sale, on Monday the 2d Day of August next,

ABOUT Fifty LOTS of GROUND, containing half an acre each, on the following terms, viz. One third of the purchase-money to be paid on the day of sale, one third in six months, and the other third at the expiration of twelve months from the said day of sale, being part of a town lately laid off by the Subscriber, including the tavern now known by the name of Cherry's Tavern in the County of Berkeley, Virginia, on the great leading way from Winchester, the western and south western frontiers of this State to the city of Philadelphia, the towns of Baltimore and Alexandria, situated in an exceeding fertile part of the country, surrounded by beautiful farms highly improved, producing the best of wheat, tobacco, hemp, hay, and all manner of grain in great abundance.—This town is also surrounded with a number of good merchant mills, and one adjacent, where great quantities of flour is constantly manufactured, and sent to the aforesaid towns of Baltimore and Alexandria.—From the many conveniences and natural advantages already mentioned, it is generally thought that this town is established in a very happy situation for trade and business of all kinds, and where tradesmen of various callings are at this time much wanted; and such as settle in this town will, no doubt, meet with good encouragement.

CHARLES WASHINGTON.

June 24, 1784.

The BALTIMORE and ALEXANDRIA PACKET.

THE Schooner JOLLY TAR, JOHN HUMPHRIES, Master, leaves Baltimore the 1st and 20th day, and Alexandria the 12th and 1st day in each month, and proceeds to her destined port with all despatch. This is a commodious and well-furnished vessel. Passengers will be accommodated with every degree of comfort, and any freight given her will be carefully attended to. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Master on board, at Mr. Lemmon's wharf, or to

DAVEY and LEAKIN.

Baltimore, June 21, 1784.

Said DAVEY and LEAKIN negotiate all kinds of Mercantile business on Commission; they have provided themselves with Warehouses near the water, for the reception of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, either to be sold by them, or by the different owners, when a market answers. They keep a Commission-Store and Lumber-Yard, where carpenters and others may, on the shortest notice, be supplied with lumber, or any other kind of Country Produce. Application is requested to be made to them, at their Commission-Store, in Water-street, near the County-wharf.

Baltimore, June 21, 1784.

POETRY.

To the L A D I E S.

"YE fair (to you I write) attend!
Nor slight th' instructions of a friend;
Hear, whilst I strive to scan,
The various wiles and various arts,
The baits, and traps, laid for your hearts,
By the deceiver, man.

Long have they wag'd unequal war,
Long have they deem'd all methods fair,
To seize their destin'd prey;
By storm some try the fort to win,
Some gain the governor within,
A much securer way.

But not the forward and the bold,
(More than the careless and the cold)
Are masters of their art;
Too open much their snares appear;
Their words may wound the modest ear,
Yet seldom touch the heart.

But now attend, whilst I describe
The softly sighing, dangerous tribe,
Who, to alarm the lest,
Cloath'd like the fabled wolf, betray,
And steal you from yourselves away,
In friendship's borrow'd dress.

These all your vigilance require,
And mostly those you most admire,
With prudent caution treat:
So shall your days with peace be crown'd,
And happiness, but seldom found,
Shall make your breast her seat."

Lately imported from LONDON in the Ship Tyger, and to be Sold Wholesale and Retail, by

DAVID JACKSON,
At his Store on the North-east Corner of Fairfax and King-Streets,

CORDUOYS, jeans and Jeanets, fustians, dy'd pillows, Dutch cords, 7-8 and yard wide Irish linens, cambricks, white and black gauze, lawns, foullec aprons, white and brown sheetings, drillings, bedticks, ofnaburgs, rolls, mens' and womens' silk and thread hose, white and black silk handkerchiefs, stamped and checked ditto, chintz patterns, printed linens and cottons, printed muslins, womens' hats and bonnets, silk cloaks, modes, ribbons, mens' and womens' gloves, ditto shoes, womens' stays, sewing silk, thread, twist, diaper and Holland tapes, blond lace, edging, mens' and boys' hats, ivory and horn combs, pocket books, looking glasses, pins and needles, writing-paper, slates and pencils, shot, bar-lead, bibles, testaments, psalters, primers, spelling-books, temple spectacles, saddles, saddlery, horse-whips, shot-bags, powder-flasks, brooms and brushes of all kinds, queen's ware, glass ditto, women's thimbles, candlesticks, copper tea-kettles, pestles and mortars, brass cocks, knives and forks, cutteau and pen knives, plated and pinchbeck buckles, plated and steel spurs, snuff and tobacco boxes, tea-trays, waiters, bread baskets, padlocks, bed-screws and covers, fancy and plain buttons, sleeve ditto, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 12d. nails, hammers, drawing knives, Dutch ovens, skillets, iron pots, loaf sugar, hyson and bohea tea.

He has also West-India rum and brown sugar for sale, by the hoghead, barrel or smaller quantity.
Alexandria, June 12, 1784.

Harper and Fenner,

At their Store on the North-west Corner of Prince and Union Streets, have for Sale on the most reasonable Terms for Cash, or Tobacco, by Wholesale and Retail,

A Neat and general assortment of hardware, cutlery and pewter; Jamaica spirits, New-England rum, white and brown Havanna sugar, Muscovado ditto, double and single refined loaf ditto, lump ditto, bohea and hyson tea, fouchong ditto, coffee, chocolate, gin by the case, Teneriffe wine, porter in bottles, a small assortment of dry goods, tobacco, ship carpenters' nails, single and double Gloucester cheese, &c. &c. &c.
Alexandria, June 16, 1784.

FOR SALE, for Cash or Merchandize, **THREE** Hundred and Forty-Eight Acres of Land, with the Merchant and Saw Mills thereon, situated in Loudon County, 36 Miles from Alexandria, and 6 from Leesburg.—The Mills are in good order and the Land fertile.—As it is presumed no person will purchase without seeing the Premises, a further Description is thought needless.—For further Particulars inquire of the Subscriber in Leesburg.
JOHN LITTLEJOHN.
June 16, 1784.

Williams, Cary, and Williams,

Have just imported from Europe a large, general and elegant Assortment of all Kinds of European and East-India **GOODS**, suitable to the Season, and to be disposed of on the most reasonable Terms for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Country Produce, by Wholesale only, at their Store, on the second Floor, on Captain Harper's Wharf, viz.

ENGLISH superfine broadcloths of various colours, second and coarse ditto of all colours, cassimers, coatings, tammys, durants, shalloons, rattinets, camlets, moreens, calamancoes, black and white Italian crapes, Florentine silk for breeches and waistcoats, corduroys, royal ribs, velvets, Dutch cords, plain and spotted jeans, fustians, plain and flowered dimities, corded and muslin ditto, plain and flowered Marcellies quilting, corded ditto, mock ditto, linen and cotton handkerchiefs of all widths and qualities, bed bunts and Flander's ticks, elegant patterns of chintzes and calicoes, low priced printed linens and cottons, Irish linens of all prices, Russia sheeting, German and British ofnaburgs, mens' and womens' cotton and thread stockings, silk ditto, boys' and girls' cotton and thread ditto, mens' and womens' gloves, plain, figured and striped ribbons of all colours; satin ditto, lute-strings of all sorts, Persians, farfenets, modes of all kinds, a variety of silk handkerchiefs, muslins, cambricks, lawns, gauzes, sewing silks, buckrams, crewels assorted, worsted bindings, tapes, threads, pins, needles, haberdashery of all sorts, ditto mens' and womens' hats, ditto boys' ditto, stationary, mens' boots and shoes, womens' and boys' shoes of all kinds, ironmongery, earthen and glass ware, bohea and other teas, saddlery, drugs of all sorts, Port wine and porter in bottles, shot, sail cloth, paints of all colours, linseed oil, fishing seines complete, sail and seine twine, fishing lines, bed cords, leading lines, trace ropes, &c. &c. &c.
Alexandria, June 16, 1784.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 26th of April last two Slaves, viz. **HARRY**, a tall black fellow, near six feet high, slender made, thick lips, a down look, and about 29 years of age. —**TOM POMPEY**, a light Mulatto, nearly the same height, about 24 years of age, stout made, thick legs, a bushy head of hair, a fullen impudent countenance, and has a mark or scar on his body, resembling a chicken, which he was born with.—I have reason to believe they are in Alexandria, where I am told they have been some time, and Tom passed by the name of Will.—They have been chiefly employed on board some vessels, or at the fishing landings below town.—I will give **TEN DOLLARS** Reward for each of them, if delivered to me in Westmoreland.—Also ran away on the 1st of May, another Fellow, named **DICK**, upwards of 40 years of age, short made, has the first joint of one of his thumbs off, and has been accustomed to go by water.—I will also give Ten Dollars for him, if caught out of the neighbourhood.—As I suspect all the above Fellows will attempt to go off in some vessel, I do hereby forewarn all Captains of vessels and others from harbouring or conveying them out of this State.
JOHN MONROE.

Westmoreland County, Virginia, May 24, 1784.

BALTIMORE PACKET.

THE Schooner **JOLLY TAR**, John Humphries, Master, will ply as a Packet from Baltimore to Alexandria once a Fortnight.—She is very commodiously and comfortably fitted for Passengers, who may depend on good Treatment, sails remarkably well, and is completely rigged.—Any Gentleman wanting a Passage or Freight to Baltimore, or any Part of Potomack, may depend on the Captain's Care and Punctuality.—She will sail from Alexandria every 10th and 20th of each Month.
June 8, 1784.

Just imported in the last Vessels from Europe, and now selling on the lowest Terms, for Cash or Country Produce, at my Store on Fairfax-Street, opposite the Court-House,

A complete Assortment of European GOODS, suitable for the Season.—Also, a Quantity of excellent West-India and New-England Rum, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or smaller Quantity, &c.
B. DADE.
Alexandria, June 16, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land in Fairfax County, containing 253½ acres, situated within six miles of the town of Alexandria; there are about 20 acres of said land cleared, and under cultivation, and the remainder exceedingly well timbered and watered.—A further description is thought unnecessary, as it is presumed no person will purchase without viewing the premises, which may be done and the terms made known, by applying to
THOMAS PATTERSON.

June 15, 1784.

I WILL sell or let for the term of about Thirteen years, a number of **LOTS** of **GROUND** on Fairfax, Royal, and Wolf Streets.—As the Term is short they will be sold or rented very low.
SAMUEL ARELL.

Alexandria, June 24, 1784.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, in this Town fundry **LOTS**, or **Parcels** of **GROUND** on several Streets, and well situated.
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

TO BE SOLD,

And a reasonable Time given for Payment, or exchanged for Land near Alexandria,
SIX Hundred and Forty Acres of **LAND**, lying in Hampshire County, Virginia, situated on Cape-Capon River, which runs through it, and abounds with fine trout, &c. and on the premises are all kinds of game—two hundred acres of which are well calculated for meadow, about one hundred cleared and under good fence, a great part of it fresh and in good order for corn, hemp, or tobacco; there are on the premises, a tolerable dwelling-house, a large and commodious new barn, and other out-houses, and a good bearing orchard of excellent fruit; it is well calculated for stock, as well on account of the quantity of meadow that is made, as its situation for an excellent range equally good on both sides of the said river, and very extensive.—The land is generally very level, well timbered and watered with divers springs, and on the great road leading from Alexandria, Dumfries, and Frederickburg, to Pittsburg and the Western Settlements, and within 20 miles of the borough of Winchester, which is thought to be the most healthy situation, and the best for trade of any inland town on the Continent.—Also to be sold, or let, a large **STONE HOUSE**, situated on the main street in Winchester, well calculated for public or private business, and was formerly a tavern, known by the name of Red Cooper's Tavern; it has an arched cellar under the whole, a good kitchen and smoke-house, two stables and other out-houses, with an excellent draw-well.—Likewise to be sold, a very valuable **LOT** in this town, in fee simple, beautifully situated on Fairfax-Street, and adjoining the Printing-Office.—For Particulars apply to Mr. John Peyton in Winchester, or to the Subscriber in Alexandria.
PATRICK MURRAY.

Alexandria, June 23, 1784.

TWENTY POUNDS, Virginia Currency, REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 31st of May last, a dark Mulatto Fellow, named **JAMES**, generally called **Jemmy**, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, 29 years of age, strong made, is sensible and well spoken, is a good joiner at coach, phaeton, or chair work; is a good house joiner, carver, wheelwright and painter, and is a tolerable Negro fiddler: He took with him an ugly dark brown roach backed horse, with a gray face;—and his clothes missed from home are a mixed Virginia cloth coat, a spotted calico waistcoat, a pair of buckskin breeches, and a pair of strong linen overalls.—He has a scar on his buttock about the size of a heater, which burnt him when a child, has several scars of cuts on the lower part of one of his legs, and one raised up in a ridge across his great toe.—Whoever delivers said fellow to me, near Boyd's-Hole, King George County, if taken out of this State, shall receive the above Reward, but if taken in this State, shall be intitled to Twelve Pounds.
WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

Marmion, June 10, 1784.

N. B. All Masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying off the above described Fellow at their peril.

FOR SALE,

A Valuable Tract of Land, lying within four miles of Alexandria, containing 600 acres, 250 are cleared and under good fence, about 70 acres of excellent lowland, 30 of which has been laid down in Timothy, and a large stream of water running through it on which a mill may be erected.—This place is possessed of as many advantages as any in the county that is not situated on the river, is very healthy, the soil good, and every field well supplied with springs of water.—Any person inclining to purchase may be informed of the terms by applying to James Wilson, Esq; in Philadelphia, Mr. William Herbert in Alexandria, who will shew the land to any person inclined to view it, or the Subscriber in Lancaster, Pennsylvania.
W. BIRD.
June 15, 1784.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by **GEORGE RICHARDS**, and **COMPANY**, at the Corner of Fairfax and Prince Streets—by whom **Advertisements**, &c. are thankfully received for this Paper,—and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.